

ANSWER - 340 000

Example 2- Round 453 679 to the nearest 100 000

- Step 1 Find the 'round-off digit' 4
- Step 2 Look one digit to the right 5

<u>5 or more</u>? YES - add one to 'round off digit' - Replace following digits with zeros

ANSWER - 500 000

5/5 Written methods for subtraction

- Line up the digits in the correct columns
- Start from RIGHT to LEFT

e.g. 645 - 427

e.g. 48 + 284 + 9

HTU 6³4^{,1}5 <u>427</u>-218

HTU

284

341

4 8

2 9+

5/6 Mental methods for addition

•	• Start from LEFT to RIGHT						
Exc	<u>Example 1</u> – think of:						
45	45 + 32 as 45 + 30 + 2						
•	But	in you	r head say:				
45	75	77					

Example 2 - think of: 1236 + 415 as 1236 + 400 + 10 + 5 • But in your head say: 1236 1636 1646 1651

5/6 Mental methods for subtraction

Example 1 - think of: 56 - 32 as 56 - 30 - 2 • But in your head say: 56 26 24

<u>Example 2</u> - think of: 1236 - 415 as 1236 - 400 - 10 - 5 • But in your head say: 1236 836 826 821

5/7 Multi-step problems

Based upon 5/6. Words associated with addition: (sum) (total) add (altogether) Words associated with subtraction: (Subtract) (difference) How many more?

5/8 <u>Multiples & factors</u>

FACTORS are what divides exactly into a number e.g. Factors of 12 are: Factors of 18 are: 1 12 1 18 2 2 9 6 3 3 4 6 The common factors of 12 & 18 are: 1, 2, 3, 6, The Highest Common Factor is: 6 **MULTIPLES** are the times table answers e.g. Multiples of 5 are: Multiples of 4 are: 5 10 15 **20** 25 4 8 12 16 20 The Lowest Common Multiple of 5 and 4 is: 20 5/9 Prime numbers Prime numbers have only TWO factors The factors of 12 are: Factors of 7 are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12 1, 7 12 is NOT prime 7 IS prime It is composite Prime numbers to 20 4 1 2 3 5 9 7 10 6 8 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 The number '1' is NOT prime



5/10 Multiplication using a formal method 5/10 Division using a formal method • By a ONE-DIGIT number • By a ONE-DIGIT number 1523 e.g. 3561 x 7 COLUMN METHOD e.g. 9138 ÷ 6 $\overline{)9^{3}1^{1}3^{1}8}$ 3561 7x • By a TWO-DIGIT number 24927 34 e.g. 4928÷32 SAME METHOD e.g. 3561 x 7 GRID METHOD (Except write down some of your tables down first) 32 3000 500 60 7 0154 64 7 3500 420 49 32)4⁴9¹⁷2¹²8 21000 96 128 21000 + 3500 + 420 + 49 = 24927 160 4928 ÷ 32 = 154 By a TWO-DIGIT number e.g. 4928 ÷ 32 ALTERNATE METHOD Divide e.g. 152 x 34 COLUMN METHOD Multiply 152 Subtract 34x Bring down - Make a new number 608 (x4) Divide ... 4560 (x30) 0 1 5 4 32) 4928 5168 -3 2 🖌 172 e.g. 152 x 34 GRID METHOD -160 🕇 128 100 50 2 -128 60 000 1500 30 3000 4928 ÷ 32 = 154 4 400 200 8 152 x 34 = 3400 + 1700 + 68 = **5168**

5/11 Multiply & divide by 10, 100, 1000

• By moving the decimal point To multiply by 10 move the dp ONE place RIGHT

e.g.
$$13^{1} \times 10 = 130$$

 $3.4 \times 10 = 34$

To <u>divide</u> by 10 move the dp ONE place LEFT

e.g. $13 \div 10 = 1.3$ $\sqrt{3}.4 \div 10 = 0.34$

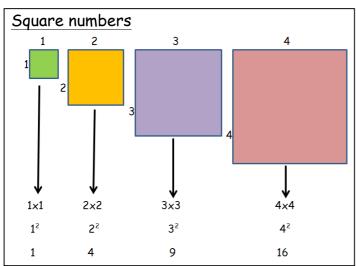
• By moving the digits

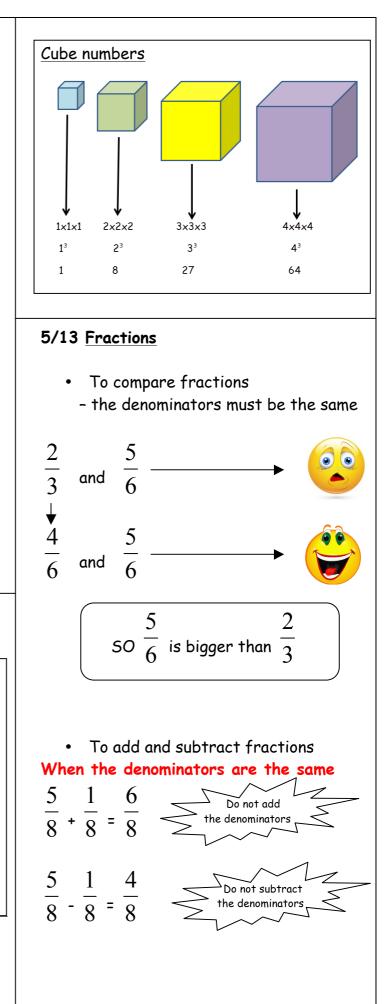
To multiply by 10 move the digits ONE place LEFT

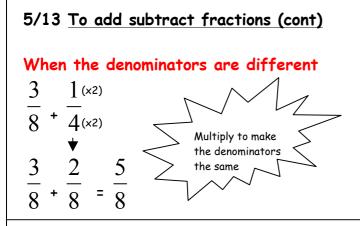
e.g. 3.52 × 10 ► ► = 3 5 . 2

To multiply or divide by 100 move TWO places To multiply or divide by 1000 move THREE places









5/14 Equivalent fractions

These fractions are the same but can be drawn and written in different ways

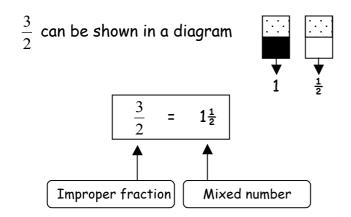
	=	
$\frac{3}{4}$	=	$\frac{12}{16}$
$\frac{3}{4}^{(x4)}$	=	$\frac{12}{16}$

Fractions can also be divided to make the fraction look simpler – this is called CANCELLING or LOWEST FORM

 $\frac{12}{16}^{(\div 4)}_{(\div 4)} = \frac{3}{4}$

5/15 Mixed & improper fractions

 An improper fraction is top heavy & can be changed into a mixed number



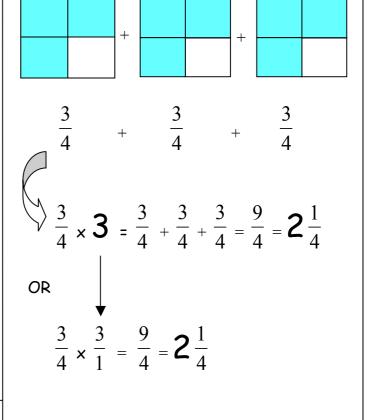
• A mixed number can be changed back into an improper fraction

$$\mathbf{1}_{\mathbf{X}^{2}}^{+1} = \frac{3}{2}$$

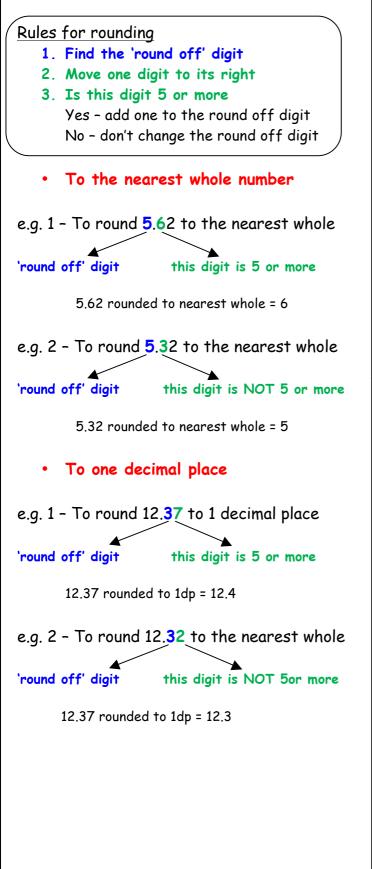
 $\mathbf{2}_{\mathbf{A}}^{+3} = \frac{11}{4}$

5/16 Multiply fractions

Multiply is the same as repeated addition



5/17 Round decimals



5/18 Read & write decimals

The value of each digit is shown in the table

hundreds	tens	units	•	tenths	hundredths	thousandths
3	5	2	•	6	1	7
300	50	2		$\frac{6}{10}$	$\frac{1}{100}$	$\frac{7}{1000}$
352				$\frac{61}{100} \qquad \frac{7}{100}$		$\frac{7}{1000}$
352					$\frac{617}{1000}$	-

5/18 Order decimals

Example - To order 0.28, 0.3, 0.216

- Write them under each other
- Fill gaps with zeros
- Then order them

0.28 → 0.280 0.3 → 0.300

0.216	 0.216

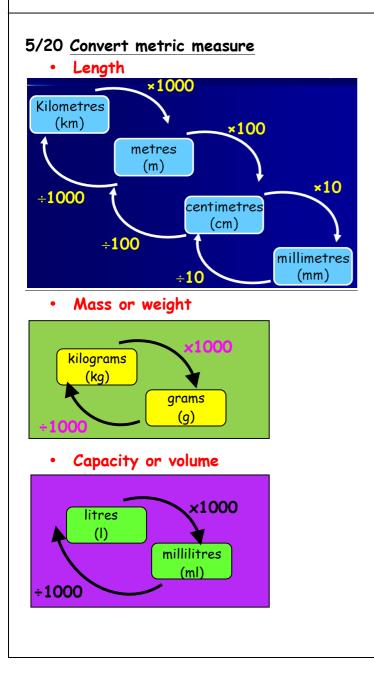
smo	largest		
Order:	0.216	0.28	0.3

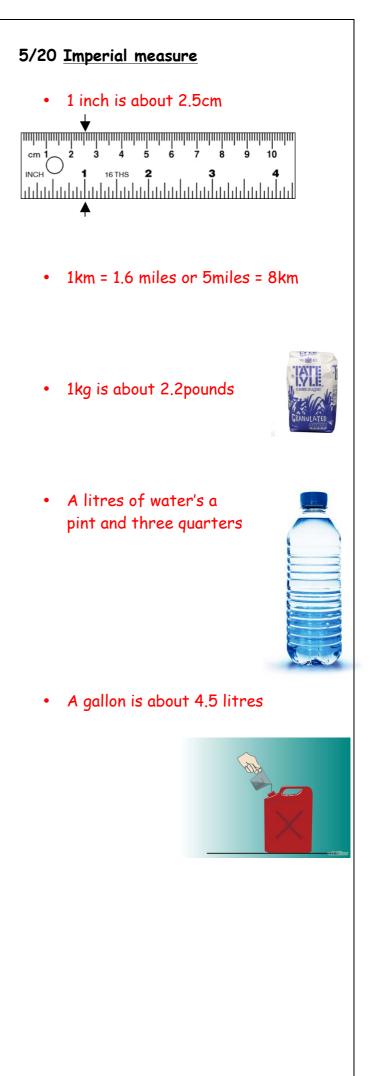
5/19 <u>Decimal & Percentage equivalents</u> Learn

Fraction	Decimal	Percentage
$\frac{1}{2}$	0.5	50%
$\frac{1}{4}$	0.25	25%
$\frac{1}{5}$	0.2	20%
$\frac{1}{10}$	0.1	10%
$\frac{1}{100}$	0.01	1%

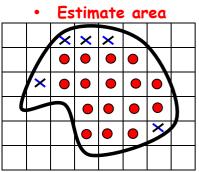
Some fractions have to be changed to be 'out of 100'

11(×4)	-	$\frac{44}{100}$ = 0.44 = 44%
25(x4)	-	$\frac{100}{100} = 0.11 = 1178$





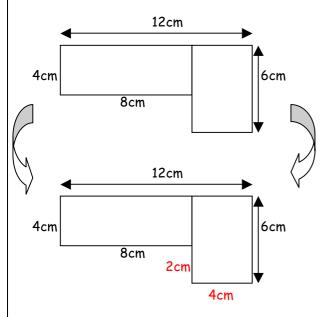
5/21 <u>Area & Perimeter</u>



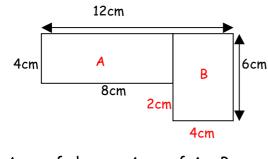
Number of whole squares() = 16 Number of $\frac{1}{2}$ or more (\times) = 5 Estimated area = 21 squares

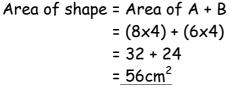
• Shapes composed of rectangles

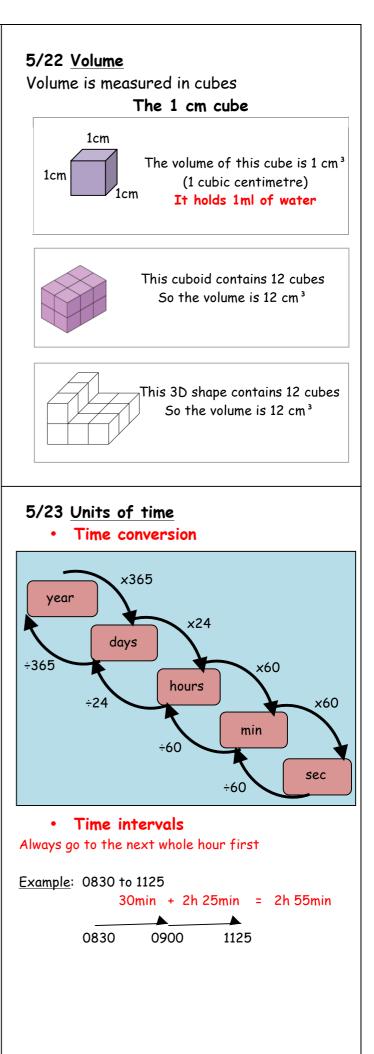
Put on all missing lengths first For perimeter - ADD all lengths round outside For area - split into rectangles & add them together

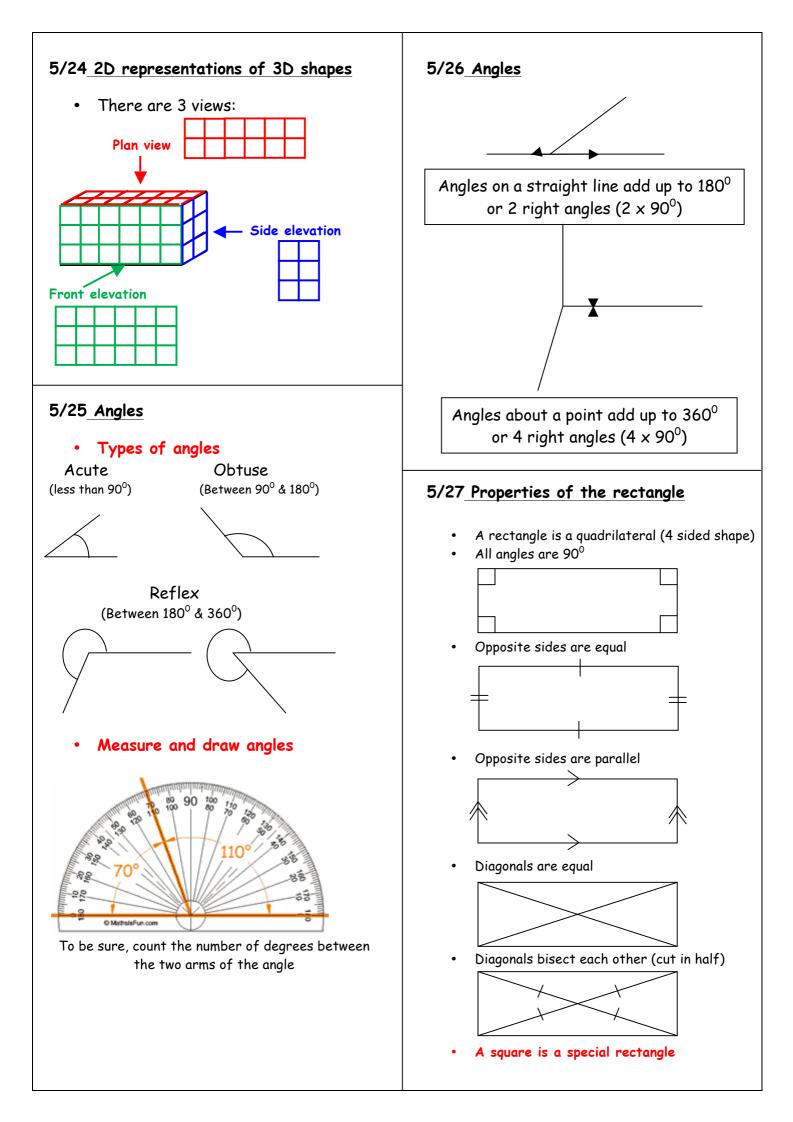


Perimeter = 12 + 6 + 4 + 2 + 8 + 4 = 36cm



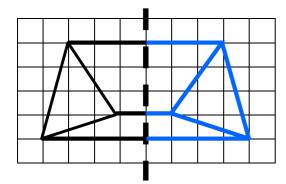




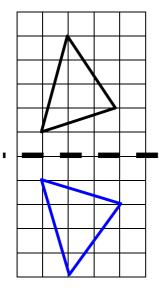


5/28 Reflection

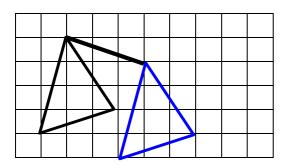
• Reflection in a vertical line



• Reflection in a horizontal line



5/28 Translation - 4 right & 1 down



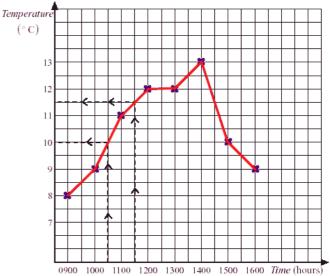
- In reflection and translation the shapes remain the same size and shape -CONGRUENT
- In reflection the shape is flipped over
- In translation the shape stays the same way up

5/29 Line graphs

• Find the difference

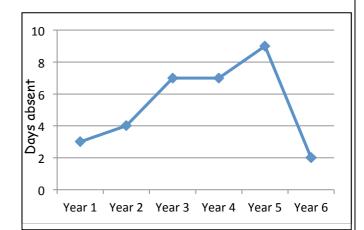
Example 1: What was the difference in temperature between 1030 and 1130?

<u>Answer</u>: $11.5^{\circ}C - 10^{\circ}C = 1.5^{\circ}C$



• Find the sum of the data

Example: What was the total number of days absent over the 6 years? Answer: 3 + 4 + 7 + 7 + 9 + 2 = 32 days



5/30 Interpret information in tables

• Distance table

Example: Find the distance between Leeds and York Answer: 40miles

Hull				
100	Leeds			
162	73	Manchester		
110	60	65	Sheffield	
63	40	118	95	York

• Timetable

Example: How long is the film? Answer: 1.10 - 2.35 = 1h 25min = 85min

6.30am	Educational programme			
7.00	Cartoons			
7.25	News and weather			
8.00	Wildlife programme			
9.00	Children's programme			
11.30	Music programme			
12.30pm	Sports programme			
1.00	News and weather			
1.10 - 2.35pm Film				

• Table of results of goals scored

Example: Did boys or girls score the most goals?

The boys are Peter, John, Ryan and Bill.

Answer: Boys: 6+3+3+6=18 Girls: 7+5=12 Boys scored the most goals

	Game 1	Game 2	Game 3	Game 4	Game 5	Frequency
Peter	1	0	0	2	3	6
John	0	2	1	0	0	3
Ryan	1	0	1	1	0	3
Claire	2	0	2	1	2	7
Bill	3	1	1	0	1	6
Susan	0	1	3	1	0	5